



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA

1. Extension of timeline for compliance with terms and conditions by Debenture Trustees for carrying out activities outside the purview of SEBI

SEBI, through Circular dated 28 April 2026, has extended the timeline for Debenture Trustees (DTs) to comply with Regulation 9C introduced under the SEBI (Debenture Trustees) (Amendment) Regulations, 2025. The amendment required DTs to segregate non-SEBI regulated activities into separate business units within six months from the notification dated 27 October 2025. Following industry representations citing operational challenges in establishing required systems and processes, SEBI has granted an additional six-month extension. Accordingly, the revised deadline for compliance is now 27 October 2026. The operational framework and conditions prescribed under the earlier circular dated 25 November 2025 remain unchanged. The circular has been issued under powers conferred by Section 11(1) of the SEBI Act, 1992 and Regulation 2A of the DT Regulations, 1993, with the objective of protecting investor interests and ensuring orderly development and regulation of the securities market.

For more information, you can access the SEBI circular here:

https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/apr-2026/extension-of-timeline-for-compliance-with-terms-and-conditions-by-debenture-trustees-for-carrying-out-activities-outside-the-purview-of-sebi_101152.html

2. Operationalisation of Past Risk and Return Verification Agency (“PaRRVA”)

The Securities and Exchange Board of India has operationalised the Past Risk and Return Verification Agency (PaRRVA) framework to enhance transparency and investor protection in the securities market. CARE Ratings Limited has been recognised as PaRRVA, with National Stock Exchange of India Limited acting as the data centre. Following a pilot phase, full operations will commence from May 4, 2026, enabling verification of performance data relating to investment advisers, research analysts, and algorithmic trading services. The framework mandates that such regulated entities must enrol with PaRRVA within three months to continue communicating certified past performance, failing which such communication will be prohibited. Further, after two years, only PaRRVA-verified performance metrics may be disclosed, disallowing reliance on pre-operational data. The circular also revises the composition of the oversight committee to ensure independent representation and effective governance. Issued under multiple SEBI regulations, the framework aims to standardise performance reporting, curb misleading claims, and strengthen investor confidence through verified disclosures.

For more information, you can access the SEBI circular here:

<https://www.sebi.gov.in/legal/circulars/apr-2026/operationalisation-of-past-risk-and-return-verification-agency-parrva-101185.html>

3. Fast-Track Mechanism for Processing of Placement Memorandum of AIFs filed with SEBI

The SEBI Circular No. HO/19/19/11(2)2026-AFD-RAC2 I/10624/2026 issued on April 30, 2026, introduces a “Fast-Track Mechanism” for the processing of Private Placement Memorandums (PPMs) filed by Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs). This move is a strategic “Ease of Doing Business” initiative designed to accelerate capital deployment by streamlining the regulatory approval process for specific fund categories.

For more information, you can access the SEBI circular here:

<https://taxguru.in/sebi/fast-track-mechanism-processing-placement-memorandum-aifs-filed-sebi.html>

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

1. CBDT conducts mega outreach with theme ‘Bridging Borders, Building Trust’ at New Delhi, today

The Chief Commissioner of Income Tax (International Taxation) North Zone operation a Mega Outreach Programme titled ‘Bridging Borders, Building Trust’ at New Delhi, today. The outreach aimed to raise awareness among stakeholders of the provisions of the new Income-tax Act, 2025, the Income-tax Rules, 2026, and the new forms, with an emphasis on International Taxation, Transfer Pricing, and Advance Pricing Agreements.

In his keynote address, Shri Prasenjit Singh, Member (Legislation), CBDT, highlighted the Government's efforts to simplify laws and rules and promote trust-based governance. He also discussed the decriminalisation of several provisions of the Income-tax Act, measures to ensure timely taxpayer services, and data-driven NUDGE campaigns to encourage voluntary compliance.

During the programme, Shri Prasenjit Singh also launched nine brochures on key aspects of International Taxation — including Safe Harbour, APA, Foreign Tax Credit, and TRC — to provide effective guidance to taxpayers. The Department’s AI-powered chatbot ‘*Kar Sathi*’ was also demonstrated.

This outreach is part of PRARAMBH initiative, the Department’s flagship stakeholder engagement series. About 150 participants from industry, MNCs, ICAI, tax professionals, and Department officials attended.

In her opening address earlier, Ms Monica Bhatia, Pr.CCIT (International Taxation) emphasised the importance of tax certainty, consistency, and credibility in a globalised economy. She announced upcoming global outreach programmes organised by the International Taxation Division, in collaboration with Indian Missions abroad.

Participants from various associations, ICAI, industry, and tax consultancy firms actively engaged and appreciated the Department’s outreach efforts. They posed numerous queries, which were answered by senior Department officials, including Joint Secretaries and Directors from the Tax Policy Division and Foreign Tax Division of the CBDT. The participants expressed appreciation for the responses.

For more information, you can access the GOI press release here:

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2256428®=3&lang=1>

2. CGST Delhi South Commissionerate detects fraudulent availment of Input Tax Credit (ITC) of around ₹60.59 crore through bogus invoices valued at ₹397.23 crore; one arrested

In another significant enforcement action against GST fraud, the Anti-Evasion Branch of CGST Delhi South Commissionerate has arrested the son of a director of the beneficiary entity in a major case involving fraudulent availment and utilisation of Input Tax Credit (ITC) of ₹60.59 crore through bogus invoices valued at ₹397.23 crore.

Investigation revealed that a non-functional entity was engaged in the fraudulent passing of inadmissible ITC without any actual supply of goods or services. Verification of its declared place of business established that the premises was merely a co-working space, with no evidence of genuine commercial activity, stock, invoices, or financial records. Further probe identified another entity engaged in smartphone trading as the principal beneficiary of the fraudulent scheme.

The son of the director of the beneficiary entity, who was actively managing and controlling its business operations and financial transactions, was found to have knowingly availed and utilised fake ITC through fraudulent transactions supported solely by paper invoices. Examination of statements, financial trails, and transactional records exposed a carefully orchestrated network designed exclusively to defraud government revenue.

The offence, involving deliberate contravention of Section 16 and punishable under Section 132 of the CGST Act, 2017, led to the arrest of the accused, who has been remanded to judicial custody for 14 days.

CGST Delhi South Commissionerate remains steadfast in its crackdown on tax evasion, ensuring strict compliance and safeguarding public revenue through robust enforcement action.

For more information, you can access the GOI press release here:

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2256404®=3&lang=1>

3. DFS takes measures for welfare of Persons with Disabilities (PwDs)

The Department of Financial Services (DFS) has advised the managements of all Public Sector Banks, Insurance Companies and other financial institutions to provide reservation to Persons with Benchmark Disabilities in both Direct Recruitment and Promotion in line with Government of India instructions. Besides, all the Public Sector Financial Institutions have been advised to: -

Convene periodic meetings with the PWD Employees Welfare Associations to ensure that their views are heard and grievances resolved in a timely manner.

Appoint a Chief Liaison Officer (CLO)/ Liaison Officer (LO) to ensure that instructions/orders issued by Government of India with regard to reservation policy including for PwDs are implemented by them in letter and spirit.

Adopt an “Equal opportunity policy” in compliance of Section 21 & 23 of the Right of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016, with the approval of their respective Boards. The broad objectives are to ensure an inclusive work environment for the PwDs which is non-discriminating and provides equal opportunities to them through reasonable accommodation, barrier-free access, fair recruitment and career development practices.

For more information, you can access the GOI press release here:

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2256684®=3&lang=1>

4. Government notifies revised Special Additional Excise Duty (SAED)/Road and Infrastructure Cess (RIC) rate on exports of diesel and aviation turbine fuel (ATF) for next fortnight beginning 1st May, 2026

Export levies [Special Additional Excise Duty (SAED)/Road and Infrastructure Cess (RIC)] on the exports of petrol, diesel and aviation turbine fuel (ATF) were introduced with effect from 27th March, 2026 so as to ensure domestic availability of petroleum products by disincentivising exports in the backdrop of the West Asia crises. The rates are being revised on a fortnightly basis and the last such revision was undertaken with effect from 11th April 2026. The rates are prescribed based on the average international prices of crude oil, petrol, diesel and ATF prevailing during the period since the last review.

The rates for the next fortnight beginning 1st May, 2026 have been notified by the Central Government today. Consequently, the rate of duty on exports of diesel will be Rs. 23 per litre (SAED - Rs. 23; RIC - Nil). Further, the rate of duty on exports of ATF will be Rs. 33 per litre (SAED only). The rate of duty on exports of Petrol continues to remain Nil.

There is no change in the existing excise duty rates on petrol and diesel cleared for domestic consumption.

For more information, you can access the GOI press release here:

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2257160®=3&lang=1>

MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

1. IICA concludes first assessment of Arbitrator Qualifying Assessment Program (AQAP), aims to create a cadre of world-class Arbitrators for Viksit Bharat

The first assessment cycle of the IICA Arbitrator Qualifying Assessment Program (AQAP) was conducted in-person from April 24-26, 2026, at the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA) Campus, Manesar. The event was organised by the Centre of Excellence in Alternative Dispute Resolution (CEADR), a 3-tier rigorous assessment for certification as an arbitrator.

A first-of-its-kind initiative, the program aims at creating a pool of professionally trained and globally benchmarked arbitrators to make India an international arbitration hub for Viksit Bharat.

Justice Hemant Gupta, who presided over the assessment, emphasised that in order to increase the credibility of arbitrators and arbitration as a profession, a mindset shift is needed from *ad hoc* to a market-based, efficiency-driven approach. He appreciated the 3-day rigorous, applied, and well-articulated arbitration assessment program of IICA aligned to global benchmarks. He motivated the first cohort delegates to be different and be effective in their role as arbitrators, since confidence-building is a shared responsibility.

Shri Gyaneshwar Kumar Singh emphasised that if India aims to become a developed nation with a multi-trillion-dollar economy, it must build a fast, efficient, and cost-effective dispute resolution system. He highlighted that international businesses overwhelmingly prefer arbitration to resolve disputes and noted that the massive backlog of cases and delays discourages investment and weakens economic growth. He referred to reforms such as the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), which improved business exit mechanisms, but said that a broader legal infrastructure reform is still needed.

Delivering the vote of thanks, Prof (Dr) Naveen Sirohi, Head, CEADR, IICA, emphasised the commitment of the Centre of Excellence in augmenting the dispute resolution ecosystem in India through creating a pool of world-class arbitrators and mediators at par with global standards. He thanked all the experts for their support in the successful completion of the flagship arbitration assessment program and acknowledged the dedication of all participants along with the IICA core organising team.

Centre of Excellence in ADR, IICA is transforming the ADR (Alternative Dispute Resolution) landscape in India through its flagship initiatives on mediation and arbitration, namely;

1. IICA Certified Mediator Program (ICMP) - a 100+ hours, 3-month online program running into the 23rd batch,
2. IICA Certified Arbitration Professional (ICAP) - a 250+ hours, 9-month hybrid program running into the 2nd batch, and
3. Arbitrator Qualifying Assessment Program (AQAP) - a 3-day, 3-tier rigorous assessment program to create world-class arbitrators.

For more information, you can access the GOI press release here:

<https://www.pib.gov.in/PressReleasePage.aspx?PRID=2256276®=3&lang=1>

INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY BOARD OF INDIA

1. Group insolvency fix only under strict confidentiality rule, to exclude foreign arms

The government is likely to introduce a confidentiality clause under group insolvency regulations to prevent the leak of sensitive information among the resolution professionals (RPs) within a corporate group and to competition, even as the resolution process is under way. Also, to start with, resolution of stress in corporate groups will exclude the foreign subsidiaries and affiliates of the conglomerate, as it is felt that a coordinated mechanism with overseas jurisdictions and necessary legal processes might take time to evolve.

According to official sources, the confidentiality clause among RPs is intended to ensure that the valuation of individual group entities undergoing resolution is not undermined. The IBC Amendment Act 2026, which received the President's approval last month, also provides for the appointment of a common insolvency professional (IP) to oversee the group-level resolution strategy. Individual RPs will be appointed for different entities within the corporate group.

Additionally, the new regulations will likely prescribe eligibility criteria for a coordinating IP, including enhanced managerial capabilities and relevant industry experience, and clarify the extent to which firm-level RPs can delegate authority to the coordinating IP to facilitate timely and efficient action. "Allowing individual RPs of group companies to delegate responsibilities to the group-level IP will enable quicker decision-making," the official said.

Domestic First: The official said that since the cross-border insolvency framework is new in India, and will involve coordination across various jurisdictions, the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (IBBI) might introduce group insolvency rules that apply only to domestic firms of a corporate group.

"The foreign subsidiaries of a corporate group is likely to be excluded from the insolvency process," the official said.

A 2021 committee had recommended that India first enact and operationalise domestic group insolvency mechanisms, including procedural coordination, common RPs, and group-level committees of creditors, before considering the UNCITRAL Model Law on enterprise group insolvency," said Srinivasa Rao, partner and leader (risk advisory services) at Nangia Global.

Further, IBBI will likely permit creditors to file a joint application for initiating insolvency proceedings against multiple entities within a corporate group. This will reduce costs and help the adjudicating authority quickly decide whether to accept the insolvency application.

For more information, you can access the article here:

<https://www.financialexpress.com/business/news/group-insolvency-fix-only-under-strict-confidentiality-rule-to-exclude-foreign-arms/4226268/>

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

1. RBI issues Directions on Asset Classification, Provisioning, and Income Recognition for Commercial Banks

The Reserve Bank of India had, on October 07, 2025, issued the Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks-Asset Classification, Provisioning and Income Recognition) Directions, 2025 for stakeholder feedback. Feedback received on the draft Directions has been examined and consequent modifications, as deemed appropriate, have been suitably incorporated in the final Directions. A statement on the feedback received on the draft Directions is provided in the Annex. Accordingly, the Reserve Bank has today issued the final Directions. Consequentially, 13 Amendment Directions and one Repeal Directions have also been issued as given below

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62628

2. RBI issues Final Directions on Basel III - Capital Charge for Credit Risk under Standardised Approach

The Reserve Bank had, on October 07, 2025, issued the Draft Reserve Bank of India (Scheduled Commercial Banks - Capital Charge for Credit Risk – Standardised Approach) Directions, 2025 seeking feedback from stakeholders. The draft Directions proposed amendments to the existing standardised approach framework for calculating the capital charge for credit risk with the objective of enhancing its robustness, granularity, and risk sensitivity as well as convergence with the international standards.

Feedback received on the above draft has been examined and the consequent modifications, as decided by the Reserve Bank, have been suitably incorporated in the Final Directions. A statement on the feedback received for the draft Directions is provided in the Annex. Accordingly, the Reserve Bank of India has today issued the Reserve Bank of India (Scheduled Commercial Banks - Capital Charge for Credit Risk – Standardised Approach) Directions, 2026. These Directions shall be effective from April 1, 2027.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62627

3. RBI issues directions on ‘Reporting Instructions for Authorised Dealer Category – I Banks’

The Reserve Bank of India had issued the draft directions on ‘Reporting Instructions for Authorised Dealer Category-I Banks’ on February 16, 2026, seeking feedback from market participants, stakeholders and other interested parties. With a view to enhance transparency in the foreign exchange market, the directions require Authorised Dealer Category-I banks to report foreign exchange derivative transactions involving INR undertaken by their related parties globally to the Trade Repository of the Clearing Corporation of India Limited (CCIL). The feedback received on the draft directions has been examined and consequent modifications have been suitably incorporated in the final directions. Statement on the major feedback received is provided in the Annex. Certain feedback on reporting formats and other operational aspects have been shared with CCIL for examination.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62630

4. RBI imposes monetary penalty on Janakalyan Sahakari Bank Limited, Mumbai

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has, by an order dated April 24, 2026, imposed a monetary penalty of ₹3.30 lakh (Rupees Three Lakh Thirty Thousand only) on Janakalyan Sahakari Bank Limited, Mumbai (the bank), for non-compliance with certain directions issued by RBI on ‘Exposure Ceiling to Group Borrowers’. This penalty has been imposed in exercise of powers conferred on RBI under the provisions of Section 47A(1)(c) read with Sections 46(4)(i) and 56 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The statutory inspection of the bank was conducted by RBI with reference to its financial position as on March 31, 2025. Based on supervisory findings of non-compliance with RBI directions and related correspondence in that regard, a notice was issued to the bank advising it to show cause as to why penalty should not be imposed on it for its failure to comply with the said directions. After considering the bank’s reply to the notice, additional submissions made by it and oral submissions made during the personal hearing, RBI found, inter alia, that the following charge against the bank was sustained, warranting imposition of monetary penalty: The bank had breached prudential exposure limit prescribed for group borrowers in certain instances. This action is based on deficiencies in regulatory compliance and is not intended to pronounce upon the validity of any transaction or agreement entered into by the bank with its customers. Further, imposition of this monetary penalty is without prejudice to any other action that may be initiated by RBI against the bank

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62629

5. RBI launches Mission SAKSHAM (SAHKARI BANK KSHAMTA NIRMAN) for Capacity Building of the Urban Co-operative Banking (UCB) Sector

The Reserve Bank has been taking various regulatory and supervisory measures to support the Urban Cooperative Banking (UCB) Sector. In continuation of these efforts, the Governor, Reserve Bank of India today launched Mission SAKSHAM - a mission-mode, sector-wide, all-India capacity-building training initiative for UCBs. Under Mission SAKSHAM (“सक्षम” – meaning to make capable / competent), a large number of training programmes (in-person as well as e-learning courses) would be conducted for UCBs, covering about 1.40 lakh participants, for various target groups, viz., Board Members, Senior Management, Heads of Risk, Compliance and Audit functions, and employees working in IT functions and other critical

areas. The Reserve Bank shall endeavour to conduct these training programmes with content delivery in regional languages to the extent feasible. The Mission has been designed in consultation with the Umbrella Organisation of UCBs and the National / State Cooperative Federations. The Mission is expected to enhance managerial and operational capabilities, improve the compliance culture, and strengthen institutional resilience across UCBs. Mission SAKSHAM aims to establish a sustainable, self-reinforcing ecosystem for continuous learning, contributing significantly to systemic stability and healthy growth and development of the UCB sector.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62639

6. RBI issues Final Amendment Directions on Revised Lending norms for UCBs

The Reserve Bank had, on February 10, 2026, issued draft Amendment Directions proposing review of lending norms for UCBs, seeking feedback from stakeholders. The draft Amendment Directions proposed, inter alia, to rationalise the definition of unsecured advances, enhance single and aggregate unsecured advances limits, enhance the lending limit to nominal members for purchase of consumer durables, and allow certain discretions to Tier 3 and Tier 4 UCBs with regard to housing loans. Further, certain disclosure requirements were also proposed for the UCBs. Feedback received on the above draft Directions has been examined and the consequent modifications, have been suitably incorporated in the Final Amendment Directions. A statement on the feedback received for the draft Amendment Directions is provided in the Annex.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62646

7. RBI approves the voluntary amalgamation of The Bhavani Sahakari Bank Ltd., Mumbai (Maharashtra) with TJSB Sahakari Bank Ltd. (Maharashtra)

The Reserve Bank of India has sanctioned the Scheme of Amalgamation of The Bhavani Sahakari Bank Ltd., Mumbai (Maharashtra) with TJSB Sahakari Bank Ltd. (Maharashtra). The Scheme has been sanctioned in exercise of the powers conferred under sub-section (4) of Section 44A read with Section 56 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The Scheme will come into force with effect from May 04, 2026 (Monday). The branches of The Bhavani Sahakari Bank Ltd., Mumbai (Maharashtra) will function as branches of TJSB Sahakari Bank Ltd. (Maharashtra) with effect from May 04, 2026.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62665

8. Withdrawal of ₹2000 Denomination Banknotes – Status

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) had announced the withdrawal of ₹2000 denomination banknotes from circulation vide Press Release 2023-2024/257 dated May 19, 2023. The status of withdrawal of ₹2000 banknotes is periodically published by the RBI. The last press release in this regard was published on April 01, 2026. The facility for deposit and / or exchange of the ₹2000 banknotes was available at all bank branches in the country upto October 07, 2023. The facility for exchange of the ₹2000 banknotes is available at the 19 Issue Offices of the Reserve Bank (RBI Issue Offices) since May 19, 2023. From October 09, 2023, RBI Issue Offices are also accepting ₹2000 banknotes from individuals / entities for deposit into their bank accounts. Further, members of the public are sending ₹2000 banknotes through India Post from any post office within the country, to any of the RBI Issue Offices for credit to their bank accounts. The total value of ₹2000 banknotes in circulation, which was ₹3.56 lakh crore at the close of business on May 19, 2023, when the withdrawal of ₹2000 banknotes was announced, has declined to ₹5,451 crore at the close of business on April 30, 2026. Thus, 98.47% of the ₹2000 banknotes in circulation as on May 19, 2023, has since been returned. The ₹2000 banknotes continue to be legal tender.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62669

9. Shri Rohit Jain appointed as Deputy Governor, Reserve Bank of India

Government of India, vide its notification dated May 02, 2026, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, read with sub-section (4) of section 8 thereof, has appointed Shri Rohit Jain, Executive Director as Deputy Governor of Reserve Bank of India for a period of three years from the date of joining the post on or after May 03, 2026 or until further orders, whichever is earlier.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62670

10. 46th Half-Yearly Report on Management of Foreign Exchange Reserves: October 2025 - March 2026

It may be recalled that in February 2004, the Reserve Bank initiated the practice of compiling half-yearly reports on the management of foreign exchange reserves and making them public to promote greater transparency and enhance disclosure in the management of the country's foreign exchange reserves. In this connection, Reserve Bank of India has today released the 46th Half-Yearly Report on Management of Foreign Exchange Reserves with reference to end-March 2026. During October 2025-March 2026, India's foreign exchange reserves decreased from USD 700.09 billion to USD 691.11 billion.

For more information, you can access the RBI press release here:

https://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=62667

You may send your suggestions at niyati@asalegal.in

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